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APPLICATION NO.	FILING	DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/749,171 12/30/2003		2003	· Zbigniew Tokarski	3216.35US02	7873
24113	7590	09/27/2005	EXAMINER		
PATTERSO 4800 IDS CE	N, THUENT	RODEE, CHI	RODEE, CHRISTOPHER D		
	TH STREET	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-2100				1756	

**DATE MAILED: 09/27/2005** 

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/749,171	TOKARSKI ET AL.					
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		Christopher RoDee	1756					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
<ol> <li>Responsive to communication(s) filed on</li> <li>This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.</li> <li>Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.</li> </ol>								
Disposition of Claims								
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠ 8)□ <b>Applicati</b> 9)□ 10)□	Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1-3,5-10,12-17 and 19-25 is/are reject Claim(s) 4,11,18 and 26 is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers  The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable acceptable and request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the orath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The oath or declaration is objected to b	wn from consideration.  ted.  r election requirement.  er.  epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
2) Notic 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 4/23/04 8/3/04.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-3, 5-10, 12-17, and 19-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The instant claims are indefinite in the definition of  $R_{11}$  and  $R_{12}$  as "a part of a cyclic ring". If the group is a part of a cyclic ring it is not a ring itself. Such an incomplete structure does not particularly point out and distinctly claim the invention because it is unclear how such a partial structure defines, with the other components, a charge transport compound. Clarification is requested.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 5-7, and 23-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by EP 511 664.

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The European document discloses charge transport compounds (3-1) through (3-8), (3-14), (3-17), (3-18), and (3-2) that meet the requirements of the charge transport compound of the instant claims. These compounds are placed in a photosensitive layer with a charge generating material, a binder, optional other hole transport materials (e.g., stilbene) and an electron attracting compound (i.e., electron transport compound) to form an organophotoreceptor (p. 34, I. 49 – p. 36, I. 14). A conductive substrate supports the photosensitive layer.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8-10, 12-17, and 19-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being.

unpatentable over EP 511 664 in view of *Handbook of Imaging Materials*. Diamond, Arthur S & David Weiss (eds.) pp. 145-164 & 239-242.

The EP document was discussed above and that discussion is incorporated here. The EP document discloses that the photoreceptor is useful for the formation of images with minimal fog and high sensitivity (p. 36, l. 24-27). The reference does not disclose the use of the photoreceptor in an imaging apparatus or an imaging process, but Diamond teaches that the conventional imaging process includes steps of photoreceptor charging, light exposure imaging, toner development of the imaged photoreceptor, transfer of the toned image to a receiver, and fusing of the toner image (pp. 145-164). An apparatus having means to produce these images

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is disclosed in Figure 4.2 (p. 147). Liquid development using a liquid developer contained in a housing of an imaging apparatus is also discussed (pp. 239-242).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the photoreceptor of the EP document in an conventional imaging process practiced by a conventional imaging apparatus because the photoreceptor of the EP document is specifically crafted to give excellent images and be highly sensitive to light and the supporting Diamond text shows that the above noted process steps and apparatus components are conventional in the art when using a photoreceptor.

### Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 4, 11, 18, and 26 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Tokarski in US Patent Application Publication 2004/065717 discloses charge transport compounds similar to those claimed but the Y group of Tokarski requires a double bond to the nitrogen which is not permitted by the instant claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher RoDee whose telephone number is 571-272-1388. The examiner can normally be reached on most weekdays from 6:00 to 4:30.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark Huff can be reached on 571-272-1385. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

cdr 20 September 2005 CHRISTOPHER RODEE PRIMARY EXAMINER